

## Schedule B

### SOCIETY ACT

Bylaws of ..... (Name of Society)

#### Part 1 — Interpretation

1 (1) In these bylaws, unless the context otherwise requires:

"**directors**" means the directors of the society for the time being;

"**Society Act**" means the *Society Act* of British Columbia from time to time in force and all amendments to it;

"**registered address**" of a member means the member's address as recorded in the register of members.

(2) The definitions in the *Society Act* on the date these bylaws become effective apply to these bylaws.

2 Words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa, and words importing a male person include a female person and a corporation.

#### Part 2 — Membership

3 The members of the society are the applicants for incorporation of the society, and those persons who subsequently become members, in accordance with these bylaws and, in either case, have not ceased to be members.

4 A person may apply to the directors for membership in the society and on acceptance by the directors is a member.

5 Every member must uphold the constitution and comply with these bylaws.

- 11 Every general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, is an extraordinary general meeting.
- 12 The directors may, when they think fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting.
- 13 (1) Notice of a general meeting must specify the place, day and hour of the meeting, and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business.  
  
(2) The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of a notice by, any of the members entitled to receive notice does not invalidate proceedings at that meeting.
- 14 The first annual general meeting of the society must be held not more than 15 months after the date of incorporation and after that an annual general meeting must be held at least once in every calendar year and not more than 15 months after the holding of the last preceding annual general meeting.

#### **Part 4 — Proceedings at General Meetings**

- 15 Special business is
  - (a) all business at an extraordinary general meeting except the adoption of rules of order, and
  - (b) all business conducted at an annual general meeting, except the following:
    - (i) the adoption of rules of order;
    - (ii) the consideration of the financial statements;
    - (iii) the report of the directors;
    - (iv) the report of the auditor, if any;

(b) the president and all the other directors present are unwilling to act as the chair,

the members present must choose one of their number to be the chair.

- 20 (1) A general meeting may be adjourned from time to time and from place to place, but business must not be conducted at an adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
- (2) When a meeting is adjourned for 10 days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting must be given as in the case of the original meeting.
- (3) Except as provided in this bylaw, it is not necessary to give notice of an adjournment or of the business to be conducted at an adjourned general meeting.
- 21 (1) A resolution proposed at a meeting need not be seconded, and the chair of a meeting may move or propose a resolution.
- (2) In the case of a tie vote, the chair does not have a casting or second vote in addition to the vote to which he or she may be entitled as a member, and the proposed resolution does not pass.
- 22 (1) A member in good standing present at a meeting of members is entitled to one vote.
- (2) Voting is by show of hands.
- (3) Voting by proxy is not permitted.
- 23 A corporate member may vote by its authorized representative, who is entitled to speak and vote, and in all other respects exercise the rights of a member, and that representative must be considered as a member for all purposes with respect to a meeting of the society.

## **Part 5 — Directors and Officers**

vacancy in the directors.

- (2) A director so appointed holds office only until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the society, but is eligible for re-election at the meeting.
- 28 (1) If a director resigns his or her office or otherwise ceases to hold office, the remaining directors must appoint a member to take the place of the former director.
- (2) An act or proceeding of the directors is not invalid merely because there are less than the prescribed number of directors in office.
- 29 The members may, by special resolution, remove a director, before the expiration of his or her term of office, and may elect a successor to complete the term of office.
- 30 A director must not be remunerated for being or acting as a director but a director must be reimbursed for all expenses necessarily and reasonably incurred by the director while engaged in the affairs of the society.

## **Part 6 — Proceedings of Directors**

- 31 (1) The directors may meet at the places they think fit to conduct business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings and proceedings, as they see fit.
- (2) The directors may from time to time set the quorum necessary to conduct business, and unless so set the quorum is a majority of the directors then in office.
  - (3) The president is the chair of all meetings of the directors, but if at a meeting the president is not present within 30 minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the vice president must act as chair, but if neither is present the directors present may choose one of their number to be the chair at that meeting.
  - (4) A director may at any time, and the secretary, on the request of a director, must, convene a

- (2) In the case of a tie vote, the chair does not have a second or casting vote.
  
- 38 A resolution proposed at a meeting of directors or committee of directors need not be seconded, and the chair of a meeting may move or propose a resolution.
  
- 39 A resolution in writing, signed by all the directors and placed with the minutes of the directors, is as valid and effective as if regularly passed at a meeting of directors.

**Part 7 — Duties of Officers**

- 40 (1) The president presides at all meetings of the society and of the directors.  
  
(2) The president is the chief executive officer of the society and must supervise the other officers in the execution of their duties.
  
- 41 The vice president must carry out the duties of the president during the president's absence.
  
- 42 The secretary must do the following:
  - (a) conduct the correspondence of the society;
  
  - (b) issue notices of meetings of the society and directors;
  
  - (c) keep minutes of all meetings of the society and directors;
  
  - (d) have custody of all records and documents of the society except those required to be kept by the treasurer;
  
  - (e) have custody of the common seal of the society;

particular but without limiting that power, by the issue of debentures.

49 A debenture must not be issued without the authorization of a special resolution.

50 The members may, by special resolution, restrict the borrowing powers of the directors, but a restriction imposed expires at the next annual general meeting.

#### **Part 10 — Auditor**

51 This Part applies only if the society is required or has resolved to have an auditor.

52 The first auditor must be appointed by the directors who must also fill all vacancies occurring in the office of auditor.

53 At each annual general meeting the society must appoint an auditor to hold office until the auditor is re-elected or a successor is elected at the next annual general meeting.

54 An auditor may be removed by ordinary resolution.

55 An auditor must be promptly informed in writing of the auditor's appointment or removal.

56 A director or employee of the society must not be its auditor.

57 The auditor may attend general meetings.

#### **Part 11 — Notices to Members**

58 A notice may be given to a member, either personally or by mail to the member at the member's registered address.